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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/846,459	05/02/2001	Yuji Kawaguchi	0445-0300P	4434		
2292	7590 07/30/2003					
BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH			EXAMINER			
PO BOX 747 FALLS CHU	RCH, VA 22040-0747		PICKETT,	PICKETT, JOHN G		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			3728	14		
11			DATE MAILED: 07/30/2003	00.0		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	W			
	09/846,459	09/846,459 KAWAGUCHI ET AL.				
Offic Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Greg Pickett	3728				
The MAILING DATE of this communica P riod for Reply	tion appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence addre	SS			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communi - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) of If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statut - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. BY CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a recation. lays, a reply within the statutory minimum of thir ory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON, by statute, cause the application to become AE	eply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this comm BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	unication.			
Status 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 20 May 2003					
· <u> </u>)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for	· —	tters prosecution as to the m	norite ie			
closed in accordance with the practice Disposition of Claims			ients is			
4) Claim(s) 1 and 3-8 is/are pending in the	ne application					
4a) Of the above claim(s) 7 is/are withd						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-6 and 8</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restrictio Application Papers	n and/or election requirement.					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the E	-xaminer					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>02 May 2001</u> is/		to by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any object		-	•			
11) The proposed drawing correction filed o						
If approved, corrected drawings are requi						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by	y the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim fo	r foreign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) o <u>r</u> (f).				
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority do	cuments have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority do	cuments have been received in A	pplication No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the Internati* See the attached detailed Office action f	onal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		ge			
14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	domestic priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(e) (to a provisional ap	plication).			
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign langu 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	• ,					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO S) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper	9-948) 5) Notice of	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). Informal Patent Application (PTO-15				
S. Patent and Trademark Office						

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DETAILED ACTION

1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

- 2. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on April 29, 2003 has been entered.
- 3. Claims 1 and 3-8 are pending in the application.

Election/Restrictions

4. Claim 7 is withdrawn from consideration as directed to an invention nonelected, with traverse in Paper No. 7.

Claim Interpretations

5. Claim 1 contains the limitation, "a concave cutout part being formed in a front board of said inner carton part". The claim does not appear to require the concave cutout part to be a complete opening in the front board of the inner carton part. The

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examiner will examine the claim both with and without the requirement of a complete opening in the front board.

6. Claim 1 contains the limitation, "wherein the contents of said paper container are a sheet-like detergent, a tablet-type detergent, or an agglomerated detergent." The examiner does not consider this a positive recitation of the container contents, since the container contents are not positively set forth previously in the claim. Further, the applicant has noted that the detergent is not included of the invention in Paper No. 7, page 20, 3rd paragraph.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. Claims 1, 5, 6, and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stone (US 5,314,114) in view of Giblin et al (US 5,320,279).

Regarding claim 1, Stone '114 discloses a paper container (10) having a hexahedral configuration (see Figure 4) and comprising a container main body (26); a lid member (28) attached to a back side edge part (29) of an upper end open surface of the container main body and having an upper surface lid part (12), a front surface lid part (57), and a pair of side lid parts (as shown, Figure 4); an inner carton part (40, 42, 44) with concave cutout part (50) formed on a front board (42); and severance guide line (24) extending obliquely downward along a pair of side boards and extending along the front board under the cutout part. The container of Stone '114 is sized as claimed

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by the applicant and is capable of storing an agglomerated detergent (see for example, Col. 1, line 29).

Stone '114 does not disclose the severance guide line extending from opposite ends of the connecting ridge line. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the severance guide line extending from opposite ends of the connecting ridge line, since it has been held that rearranging parts of an invention involves only routine skill in the art. <u>In re Japikse</u>, 86 USPQ 70.

Further, Stone '114 does not disclose an inner carton part being mounted on an inner side of the container, which the examiner interprets as meaning separate from the container.

Giblin et al discloses a container with an inner carton part that may be separate from the container (Col. 2, II. 18-20). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the container of Stone '114 with an inner carton part that is separate as taught by Giblin et al in order to allow for the printing of separate material on the inner carton part. It has been held that constructing a formerly integral structure in various elements involves only routine skill in the art.

Nerwin v. Erlichman, 168 USPQ 177, 179.

As to claim 5, the container of Stone '114-Giblin is capable of storing a packaged detergent; such a limitation constitutes an intended use.

As to claim 6, the container of Stone '114-Giblin discloses a container formed of a moisture proof material (Giblin, Col. 2, II. 25-27) and it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include this feature

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in the container of Stone '114-Giblin to protect the packaged detergent during storage.

The container of Stone '114-Giblin is capable of storing a sheet-like detergent; such a limitation constitutes an intended use.

As to claim 8, the container of Stone '114-Giblin discloses a unitary front board (Stone '114, 42).

8. Claims 1, 3, 5, 6, and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Stone '114 in view of Stone (US 3,963,173) and Giblin et al.

Regarding claim 1, Stone '114 discloses a paper container (10) having a hexahedral configuration (see Figure 4) and comprising a container main body (26); a lid member (28) attached to a back side edge part (29) of an upper end open surface of the container main body and having an upper surface lid part (12), a front surface lid part (57), and a pair of side lid parts (as shown, Figure 4); an inner carton part (40, 42, 44) with concave cutout part (50) formed on a front board (42); and severance guide line (24) extending obliquely downward along a pair of side boards and extending along the front board under the cutout part. The container of Stone '114 is sized as claimed by the applicant and is capable of storing an agglomerated detergent (see for example, Col. 1, line 29).

Stone '114 does not disclose the severance guide line extending from opposite ends of the connecting ridge line or a concave cutout part completely removed from the front board of the inner carton part.

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Stone '173 discloses a container (Figure 19) with an inner carton part (184) having a concave cutout part (186) completely removed from front board (184) and severance guide line (222, 206) extending from opposite ends of the connecting ridge line (as shown, Figure 19). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the container of Stone '114 with a lid and cutout structure as taught by Stone '173 in order to provide ready access to the contents (see for example, Stone '173, Col. 1, II. 41-45).

Stone '114-Stone '173 does not disclose an inner carton part being mounted on an inner side of the container, which the examiner interprets as meaning separate from the container.

Giblin et al discloses a container with an inner carton part that may be separate from the container (Col. 2, II. 18-20). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the container of Stone '114 with an inner carton part that is separate as taught by Giblin et al in order to allow for the printing of separate material on the inner carton part. It has been held that constructing a formerly integral structure in various elements involves only routine skill in the art.

Nerwin v. Erlichman, 168 USPQ 177, 179.

As to claim 3, the container of Stone '114-Stone '173-Giblin discloses lock parts (Stone '173, 188, 190).

As to claim 5, the container of Stone '114-Stone '173-Giblin is capable of storing a packaged detergent; such a limitation constitutes an intended use.

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As to claim 6, the container of Stone '114-Stone '173-Giblin discloses a container formed of a moisture proof material (Giblin, Col. 2, II. 25-27). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include this feature in the container of Stone '114-Stone '173-Giblin to protect the packaged detergent during storage. The container of Stone '114-Stone '173-Giblin is capable of storing a sheet-like detergent; such a limitation constitutes an intended use.

As to claim 8, the container of Stone '114-Stone '173-Giblin discloses a unitary front board (Stone '173, 184).

9. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over either Stone '114-Giblin or Stone '114-Stone '173-Giblin as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Wood et al (US 5,985,772).

The container of either Stone '114-Giblin or Stone '114-Stone '173-Giblin, as applied to claim 1 above, meets all limitations claimed by the applicant except for the paper material formed of a paper baser material, a printed layer, an outer colored film, and an inner film.

Wood et al discloses a packaging material comprising a paper base material (240), a printed layer (220), an outer colored film (210), and an inner film (210). The outer film (210) and inner film (210) of Wood et al consists of an aqueous borne acrylic coating having a natural color. The coatings can also be pigmented (Col. 8, II. 16-18). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to fabricate the container of either Stone '114-Giblin or Stone '114-Stone

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'173-Giblin with a packaging material as taught by Wood et al in order to protect the paper base material and printed matter from damage.

Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 3-6, and 8 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. The examiner admits that the previously applied Graybill reference would not have suggested the partial opening arrangement as required by amended claim 1.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Greg Pickett whose telephone number is 703-305-8321. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 8:30 AM to 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mickey Yu can be reached on 703-308-2672. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9302 for regular communications and 703-872-9303 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1148.

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Greg Pickett Examiner July 21, 2003

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Mickey Yu Supervisory Patent Examiner Group 3700